1	2	3	4
56.	Mandi	Karsog	Rural
57.	Mandi	Mandisadar	Rural
58.	Mandi	Rewalsar	Rural
59.	Mandi	Gopalpur	Rural
60.	Mandi	Sundernagar	Rural
61.	Mandi	Dharampur	Rural
62.	Mandi	Janjeli	Rural
63.	Mandi	Chauntra	Rural
64.	Mandi	Drang	Rural
65.	Chamba	Chowari	Rural
66.	Chamba	Pangi	Tribal
67.	Chamba	Bharmour	Tribal
68.	chamba	Chamba	Rural
69.	Chamba	Tissa	Rural
70.	Chamba	Salooni	Rural
71.	Chamba	Mehla	Rural
72.	Kinnaur	Pooh	Tribal
73.	Kinnaur	Nichar	Tribal
74.	Kinnaur	Kalpa	Tribal
75.	Lahaul-Spiti	Lahaul	Tribal
76.	Lahaul-Spiti	Spiti	Tribal

Child abuse

1463. DR. GYAN PRAKASH PILANIA: Will the Minister of WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the number of cases of child abuse reported/registered in different States during the last three years;

(b) the disposal thereof, year-wise and State-wise;

(c) the details of accused arrested and punished, year-wise and State-wise;

(d) whether a survey has revealed that 53 per cent of children in the country are tortured in body, mind and soul by parents, teachers, relative and others;

(e) Government's perception regarding child abuse scenario in the country/States; and

(f) the manner in which Government proposes to minimize the incidents of child abuse?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) to (c) As per "Crime in India", an annual publication of National Crime Records Bureau the State-wise data indicating the number of cases reported for crimes committed against children, the cases disposed off by Police and the cases processed/disposed by Courts for the year 2003, 2004 & 2005 is available at the website of National Crime Records Bureau at www.ncrb.nic.in.

(d) to (f) Ministry of Women and Child Development has recently got conducted a National level Study on Child Abuse which was released on 9th April 2007. The study has provided revealing statistics on the extent and magnitude of various forms of child abuse. The study has also thrown up data on variations among different age groups, gender variations, state variations and variations within evidence groups. The finding will help to strengthen the understanding of all stakeholders including families, communities, civil society organizations and the state. The Report of the Study is available on the website of the Ministry at www.wcd.nic.in.

Rehabilitation of victims of violence/atrocities

1464. DR. V. MAITREYAN: Will the Minister of WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether any steps are being taken to reduce the violence/atrocities on women and children across the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) the steps being taken to rehabilitate the victims of such violence/atrocities;

(d) whether the guilty have been brought to book, if so, what punishments have been given to them; and

(e) whether any special funds have been created in the centre and States for protecting the affected persons due to these atrocities?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) to (c) Detail is enclosed pertaining to protection of women in statement (*See* below). There are schemes of Short Stay Homes and Swadhar for the shelter, maintenance and rehabilitation of women in difficult circumstances including women victims of violence in homes/society. The details of the above schemes are available in the Annual Reports of the Ministry of Women and Child Development which have been laid in Parliament and also uploaded on the website of the Ministry (www.wcd.nic.in).

The crimes and violence against children are being addressed by legislations like IPC, Cr. PC, Child Labour Act and Juvenile Justice Act. These Acts are being reviewed from time to time to make them more effective and stringent, MWCD is administratively concerned with Juvenile Justice Act. Recently Rules under JJ Act have been notified with the approval of law Ministry. JJ Act also provides necessary provision for protection and rehabilitation of children in need of care and protection.